Consultation Respondent	Consultation Feedback Summary	IPReg Response
CIPA Education Committee	Procedure does not take account of judicial review given the potential serious reputational damage.	For reference, overarching comment.
	Include procedure within Accreditation Handbook.	Accepted, to appendix (or link) to <u>Handbook</u> .
	Section 1 could be confusing as it deals with	Accepted, section has been limited.
	accreditation not withdrawal.	Accepted, for consideration in scheduled broader Handbook review.
	 Students do not necessarily understand the different roles of IPReg and any QAA body. 	nanubook review.
	 Consultation suggests concern regarding the standards of certain offers and so "is obliged to take remedial action in the guise of the paper's procedure" and considers IPReg should provide anonymised examples to enable parties to comment appropriately. 	This is not the case (but if it were, it would not be appropriate to provide an example of a currently accredited provider, even if anonymised).
	 Item 3.5 – does not accept a circumstance for a course not to be able to run until its end. 	Amended to emphasise the importance of immediate discussion and mitigation during a live course with the aim of preventing this scenario.
	 Procedure "contains some potentially serious flaws which IPReg needs to address": 	
	 Item 2.1 – need to determine if there is prima facie case justifying action. 	Accepted, amendments made regarding verification of indicated risk.
	• Items 2.2. & 2.3 - seeks significant concern example.	Accepted, examples provided.
	 Item 3.1 – seeks transparency of Education Group powers, Board & Chair roles and how decision made. 	Accepted, more information provided.

	 Item 3.1 – notice on precise concerns, 28 days to make representations including at Board meeting. 	Accepted, amendment made.
	 Item 3.3 – a written reasoned decision with reference to the evidence on which it is based; no publication of decision prior to end of the appeal timeframe. 	Accepted, amendment made.
	 Item 3.8 - confusion between "review" and "appeal"; "case different and additional to that provided at item 3.1" means this is a new decision, not an appeal. 	Accepted, amendments made to clarify there is an appeal (rather than review) opportunity.
	 Item 3.8 – confused appeal procedure risks Judicial Review; allow an appeal on reasonable grounds and who hears it not involved in original decision. 	Accepted, amendments made.
	 Item 3.8 – considers six weeks an appropriate timeframe for appeal. 	Accepted that 5 days is insufficient, amended to 28 days in keeping with Appeals Rules.
CITMA	 Welcomes this positive action, though "high-level" procedure would benefit from some specific details. 	For reference, overarching comment.
	Trigger examples may provide guidance.	Accepted, examples provided.
	 Seeks details on process leading up to withdrawal, timetables, what an intervention programme might look like, how identify frivolous complaints, track and monitor issue, roles at different parts of the process. 	Amendments made to reflect verification of indicated significant risks and that IPReg will liaise with the qualification provider to determine clearly defined and time-framed objectives; have not sought to provide detail on an intervention programme as this will vary according to the circumstance.
	Suggests details of Education Group are published.	The Education Group is a working group of Board members. In considering education matters the

		IPReg Board is advised by its Education Group, which it has established to discuss in detail issues relating to the provision of attorney education. The Education Group reports to Board, it does not have delegated authority of its own.
	 Item 3.4 mentions an alternative provider, this is not feasible in the case of Nottingham and what would emergency provision look like in such a circumstance. 	Accepted (this is also the case for the PEB Final Examinations), footnote amendment references that one of the education work plan items is to expand the qualification pathway options.
	If issue is identified early on in an academic year?	The objectives and related timeframes set will reflect this. Amended to emphasise the importance of immediate discussion and mitigation during a live course.
	 Issues regarding re-takes and who would host these. 	Should this become relevant to a circumstance, this would depend upon a range of factors, and would be determined as appropriate to that circumstance.
	 Appeal provisions need more thought so robust and judicially fair, suggests 10 working days for an appeal and 10 working days reply deadline for IPReg. 	Accepted that 5 days is insufficient, amended to 28 days in keeping with Appeals Rules.
Name withheld at request of respondent	 Support IPReg looking to introduce a written procedure for dealing with this issue, should it arise. Paras 3.1 & 3.2 – amend "would" to "will" to provide certainty Para 3.1 – change "asked to provide a written response" to "invited to provide written submissions and (if requested by the provider) to be heard" 	For reference, overarching comment. All proposals accepted, amendments made.

Nottingham Trent University	 Para 3.3 – include an explicit requirement for decision to the provider to be supported by written reasons Para 3.3 – publication of decisions should be made only after the time for appeal has expired Para 3.7 – "expectations and timeframes" too vague Para 3.8 – 21 days for appeal so consistent with timescale for making an appeal in civil proceedings Define withdrawal circumstances, an informal process, define set goals, link to Accreditation Handbook. 	Accepted that 5 days is insufficient, amended to 28 days in keeping with Appeals Rules. For reference, overarching comment.
	Consider a definitions clause and consistency of use.	For reference, overarching comment. Amendments made as follows through this section. Terminology reviewed for consistency.
	 Accreditation Handbook sets out the standards for the FLQ and not for the ALQ, as is Nottingham's offer. 	Whilst the Handbook syllabus and credit weightings relate to the FLQ, the standards and learning outcomes apply equally to the ALQ.
	 How will "concern" and "significant concern" be measured; and if part of annual reporting mechanism how to ensure not relying solely on student feedback. 	Accepted, amendments made (and for consistency of terminology, "risk" and Significant risk" have replaced "concern" and "significant concern").
	Will it be a unanimous or majority decision?	Accepted, amendment made to clarify that the Chair will have the casting vote should there not be a consensus.
	 Identifies considerations regarding a live offer and what would constitute "extenuating circumstances". 	Accepted, amendment made to reflect the importance of immediate discussion and mitigation during a live course to hopefully prevent a live course ending prematurely.

Accepted, amendments made to appeal process. Require a defined and delineated appeals process and criteria and framework for appeal. Accepted, amendments made so consistent "Sufficiently significant" versus "significant concern". terminology, "significant risk" now consistently applied. Item 1.2 – link procedure to litigation skills course Provided link (in footnote) to litigation skills course Outcomes. Scheduled Accreditation providers, Accreditation Handbook also to cover ALQ. Handbook review to include consideration of specifying ALQ syllabus and credits. Board decision, with Chair to have casting vote Item 1.3 – what constitutes risk and who decides if should there not be a consensus. implementation plan remedies it? Accepted, amendments made so consistent Item 1.4 – what is a significant risk and "accreditation terminology applied. standards" in 1.3 vs. "quality standards"? Scheduled broader Accreditation Handbook Item 1.5 – criteria for shorter accreditation period? review to include timeframe criteria Annual reporting requirements to take account of consideration; annual reporting timeframe is for internal reporting processes and dates. individual agencies to determine. Accepted, amendments made to include Items 2.1 and 2.2 – define "risk" and "concern" levels examples and consistent terminology applied. and what is meant by "indication of possible quality issue" and against what criteria it is assessed. Not always appropriate for mutually agreement Item 2.3 – what is a programme of support and who to and programme of support would vary according do; appropriate timeframe and remedial options to the risk. Amendment made to provide clarity mutually agreed; and clarity of what is meant by

"dedicated accreditation exercise assessment".

on what is meant by a "dedicated accreditation

exercise assessment".

	Item 2.3 - website reporting to include guidelines and circumstance due to risk to reputations.	This is a remedy option (relating to notice of identification of a significant risk), not an absolute. Publication of a decision to actually withdraw accreditation would be made in keeping with the IPReg Publication Policy.
	Item 3.1 – clarify whether unanimous or majority decision, enable submissions before any decisions are made and afford opportunity to make oral representation.	Accepted, amendments made.
	 Item 3.2 – what is meant by "all other avenues" and define "severity of the issue is so pronounced". 	Accepted, removed the former and amended the latter.
	 Item 3.3 – Board to provide written reasons for the decision and provide 28 days for response. 	Accepted, amendments made.
	 Item 3.4 – how achieve timeframe to choose another provider; suggest a face-saving opportunity. 	Every opportunity will be afforded to address significant risk(s) prior to, and within, procedure.
	 Item 3.5 and 3.7 – define "extenuating circumstances" and clearly delineate protocol/withdrawal plans for teach-out using an independent moderator/verifier. 	Removed "extenuating circumstances" and made clear the importance of immediate discussion and mitigation to try and ensure that a qualification cohort can run to its natural conclusion.
	 Item 3.8 – afford minimum 28 days for appeal; suggests substantial review of the appeal clause. 	Accepted that 5 days is insufficient, amended to 28 days in keeping with Appeals Rules.
Patent Examination Board	Would value defined circumstances/specific criteria.	Accepted, examples offered to provide guidance.

	Unclear who decides, approval process/body unclear.	Accepted, amendments made.
	 An independent person should hear appeal, not the IPReg Chair if involved in the original decision. 	Accepted, amendment made.
	 Some ambiguity whether "review" or "appeal". 	Accepted, consistent terminology applied.
	• 20 working days a reasonable appeal timeframe.	Accepted that 5 days is insufficient, amended to 28 days in keeping with Appeals Rules.
	 Considers the word "extenuating" (paras 1 and 13) is misleading as it indicates "circumstances that tend to diminish culpability", propose instead "exceptional" 	These paragraphs were part of the consultation paper; removal of "extenuating" from procedure.
	 Para 14 implies qualification provider undertakes review. 	This paragraph was part of the consultation paper.
Queen Mary University London	 Specify trigger circumstances (and be explicit on matters outside of procedure e.g. complaints unrelated to teaching and learning), provide a structured evidence verification procedure, providers to assist in assessing plausibility of any complaint. 	Accepted; amendments made to clarify circumstances in which the procedure would, or would not, likely apply; and explicit on the need for verification.
	 Providers have opportunity to submit written observations ahead of, and to provide oral argument in front of, the decision board. One month notice. 	Accepted, amendments made (though notice timeframe proposed as 21 days).
	 Clarify how IPReg Education Group and Board make decision and information on the former. 	Accepted, amendments made.
	Statement to set out exact reasons for withdrawal.	Accepted, amendments made.

 Review vs. appeal, limitation of "case different and additional", considers appeal grounds should be able to challenge any aspect of the Board's decision. 	Accepted, amendment made so clear it relates to appeal and possible appeal grounds identified.
 Person(s) who considers the appeal should not have been involved in the original decision. 	Accepted, amendment made.
 Publication of a decision prior to it becoming final could inflict irreparable reputational harm. 	Accepted, amendment made. Accepted that 5 days is insufficient, amended to
Case for appeal should allow for a calendar month.	28 days in keeping with Appeals Rules.